





A. human serum albumin HSA studies by molecule viewers:

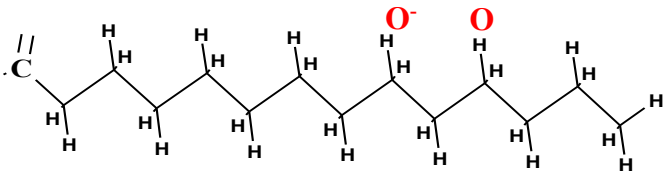
ChemScape MDL  **RasMol**  ; MAGE   Firefox application.

B. Task RSU Aris Kaksis 2023 HSA on Home Page: <http://aris.gusc.lv/ChemFiles/Albumin/cycox.html>

1. **Backbone** Display option **N-terminus** domain starting amino acid is His..... & **C-terminus** amino acid is Gly..... and total number of amino acids on **HSA** chain is $584-3+1=.....$?

2. **HSA** transported **lipid-like** molecules transported as cargo with **HSA**? 1.acids, 2....., 3..... **diphilic hydrophilic** and **hydrophobic (non-polar)**

3. Put in myristate **C14** carboxylate anion given two oxygen atoms!



3a. What is the maximum of fatty acids bound to **HSA** Human Serum Albumin **1E7G.pdb**?
.....fatty acids

4. What number of **alpha helices** are in human serum albumin **HSA**?**Alpha-helices**

5. How many domains constitute **HSA** molecule and what its names?**domains**

6. What & how many amino acids line on polypeptide sequence of each **domain**?

I G207.....-H3+1=.....; **II** K372.....-E208.....+1=..... ; **III** G584.....-V373.....+1=.....

7. What circulating concentration of Human serum albumin **HSA** in **blood** plasma?mM

8. How many **disulfide bonds -S-S-** connect 33 individual helices!**-S-S-**

9. What **seven(6)** helices are in homologous domains **IA-IIA-III A**? **IA:** H....., H....., H....., H....., H.....,

H....., H.....; **IIA:** H....., H....., H....., H....., H....., H.....

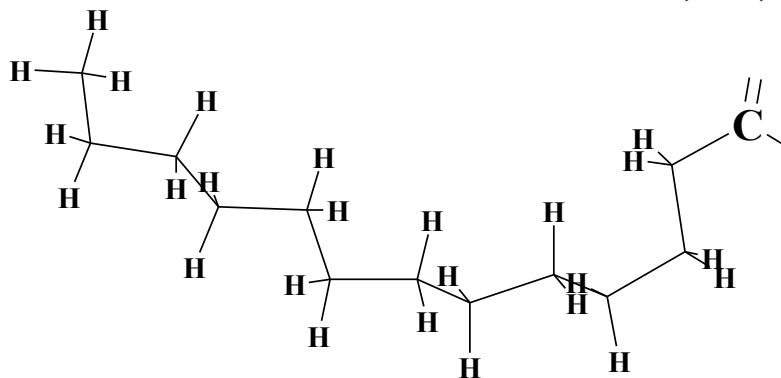
IIIA(6): H....., H....., H....., H....., H....., H.....

10. What **four(5)**-helices are in homologous domains **IB-II B-III B**? **IB**

IB H....., H....., H....., H.....,

II B H....., H....., H....., H.....,

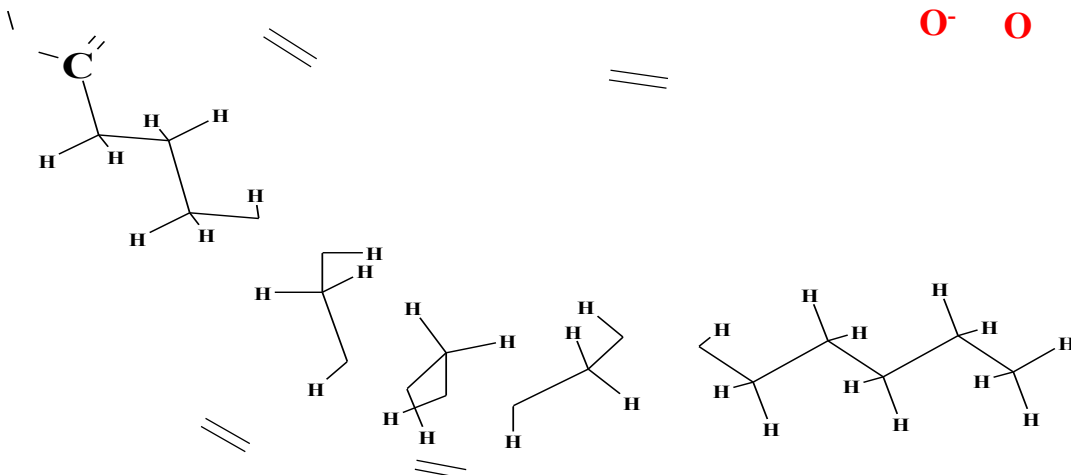
III B H....., H....., H....., H.....,



11. Put in stearate **C18** carboxylate oxygen atoms **C=O, C-O!**

12. What is the maximum of fatty acids bound to **HSA** Human Serum Albumin **1E7I.pdb**?
..... fatty acids

13. Put in **arachidonate C20:4** carboxylate anion two oxygen atoms and four double bonds!



14. What is the maximum of fatty acids bound to **HSA** Human Serum Albumin **1GNJ.pdb**?
..... fatty acids

14.1 – 14.6

Human serum albumin **HSA** circulating concentration 0.6 mM in blood plasma

<http://aris.gusc.lv/ChemFiles/Albumin/1E7GpI.doc> ; <http://aris.gusc.lv/ChemFiles/Albumin/1E7GpI.xls>

Sequcnce of 585 AA Amino Acids in Albumin molecule 1E7G.pdb:

DAHKSEVAHRFKDLGEEENFKALVLI AFAQYLQCCPFEDHVKLVNEVTEFAKTCVADESAENC DKSLHTLFLGDKLCTVATL
RETYGEMADCCAKQEPERNECF LQHKDDNPNL PRLVLRPEVDVMCTAFHDNEETF LK KYLYE IARRHPYFYAPELLFFAKR
YKAAFTECCQAADKAACLLPKLDEL RDEGKASSAKQRLK CASLQKFGERAFKAWAVARLSQRF PKAEFAEVSKLVTDLTK
VHTECCHGDLLECADDRADLAKY ICENQDS ISSKLKECCEKPLLEKSHCIAEVENDEMPADLPSLAADFVESKDVCKNYA
EAKDVFLGMFLY EYARRHPDYSV VLLLRLAKTYETTLEKCCAAADPHECYAKVFDEFKPLVEEPQNL IKQNC ELF EQLGE
YKFQNALLVRYTKKVPQVSTPTLVEVSRNLGKVGSKCKHP EAKRMPCAEDYLSVVLNQLCVLHEKTPVSDRVTKCCTES
LVNRRPCFSALEVDETYVPKEFNAETFTFHADICTLSEKERQIKKQTALVELVKHKPKATKEQLKAVMDDFAAFVEKCK
ADDKETCF AE EGKLLVAASQAALGL Sum of 217 pKa values in molecule pKaSum : 1604.91

In account not present 66 Cysteine residues Cys = $pK_{RR} = 8.18$. which are busy in 17 disulfide bonds;

Seven fatty acids considered as 7 Nonanoic acids $pK_a = 4.96$; $7 * 4.96 = \dots$

Sum of 217 pKa values in table to add plus 7 fatty acids $7 * 4.96 = \dots$

Sum of 217 pKa values in table and to add plus 7 fatty acids pKa : $1604.91 + 34.72 = \dots$

Calculation tasks for Human Serum Albumin molecule

Protolytic constant pK_a isoelectric point $IEP = pK_a$ calculate of side chains $\Sigma pK_{aRside\ group}$.. $pK_{aNterminal}NH_3$ and $pK_{aCterminal}COO$ -constants sum divide with number of acid groups NpK_a :

$$IEP = pK_a = (\Sigma pK_{aRside\ group} + pK_{aNterminal} + pK_{aCterminal}) / NpK_a$$

14.1 Acid groups number in sum $NpK_a = 215 \dots + 2 \dots + 7 \dots = \dots + 7 \dots = \dots$

585 amino acids of them protolytic constants pK_a for side groups $215 + 2$,

N-terminal aspartate D $pK_{aNterminal} = 9.6$ and C-termināl leucine L $pK_{aCterminal} = 2.36$ and 7 fatty acids $pK_a = 4.96$.

Sum on 2nd page are calculate as $\Sigma pK_{aRside\ group} + pK_{aNterminal} + pK_{aCterminal} + 7 * pK_a = \dots$

14.2a. Average acid group constant $pK_{mean} = pK_a = IEP$ **ISOELEKTRIC POINT**

no 7 fatty acids $NpK_a = 215 \dots + 2 \dots = \dots$ $IEP = 1604.91 / 217 = \dots$

14.2b. with 7 fatty acids $IEP = 1639.63 / 224 = \dots$

At pH value of amino acid and protein on isoelectric point $pH = IEP$ **total charge** is zero „0”

0 — plus (+) acidic — zero charge „0” $IEP = pH$ — minus (-) basic — 14 pH scale
-COOH & -NH₃⁺ positive charge -COO⁻ & -NH₃⁺ charge is negative -COO⁻ & -NH₂

Underline existing and to cut incorrect given answercharge:

14.3 Determine albumin without 7 fatty acids molecule charge sign (+). zero „0” or (-) at physiologic $pH = 7.36$

Underline existing and to cut incorrect given answercharge:

-COOH & -NH₃⁺ positive (+) charge $pH = 7.36 < IEP = 7.4$ charge negative(-) -COO⁻ & -NH₂.

14.4 Determine albumin +7 fatty acids molecule charge sign (+). zero „0” or (-) at physiologic $pH = 7.36$

Underline existing and to cut incorrect given answercharge:

-COOH & -NH₃⁺ positive (+) charge $IEP = 7.32 < pH = 7.36$ charge negative(-) -COO⁻ & -NH₂.

14.5 Determine albumin molecule charge sign (+). zero „0” or (-) at **electrophoresis pH 8.8**

Underline existing and to cut incorrect given answercharge:

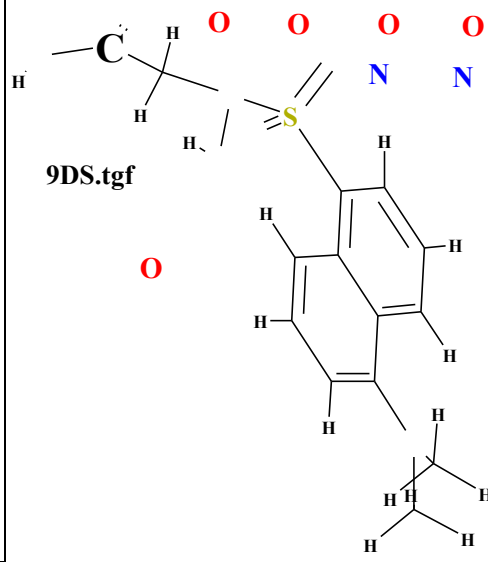
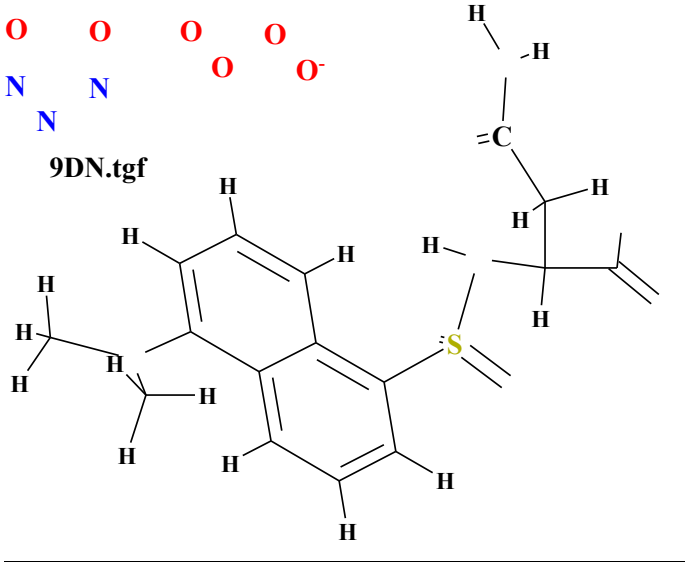
-COOH & -NH₃⁺ positive (+) charge $IEP = 7.32 < pH = 8.8$ charge negative(-) -COO⁻ & -NH₂.

14.6 Calculate $10^{-7.4}$ M albumin +7 fatty acids solution pH by *Ostwald dilution law* concentration C in logarithm:

$$: pH = \frac{pK_a - \log C}{2} = \frac{7,3198 - \log 10^{-7,4002}}{2} = \frac{7,3198 + 7,4002}{2} = 14,720 / 2 = \dots$$

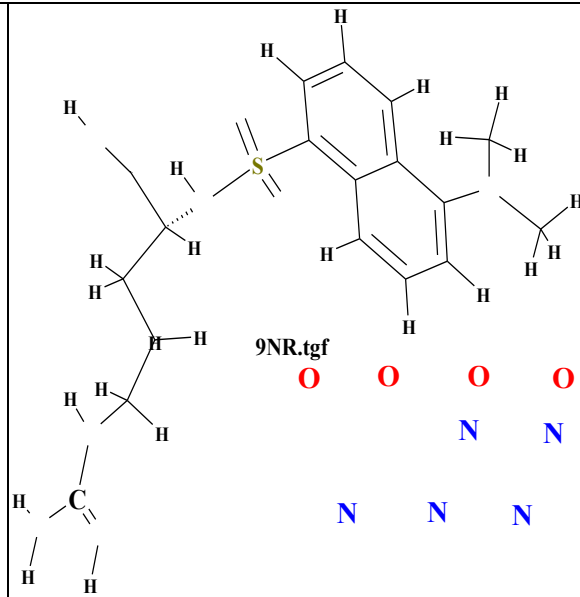
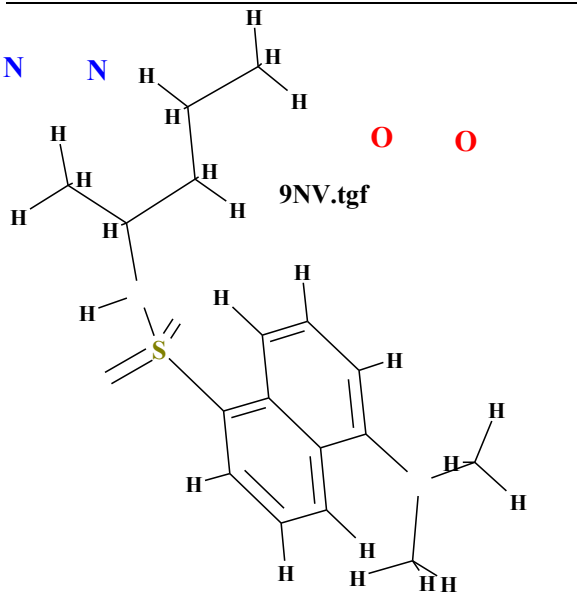
Attractor 7,36 Albumin concentration isM.

15. Put in Dansyl-L-asparagine given oxygen, nitrogen atoms **9DN.pdb!** **2XVV.pdb** of Protein



Data Bank
in
HSA molecule

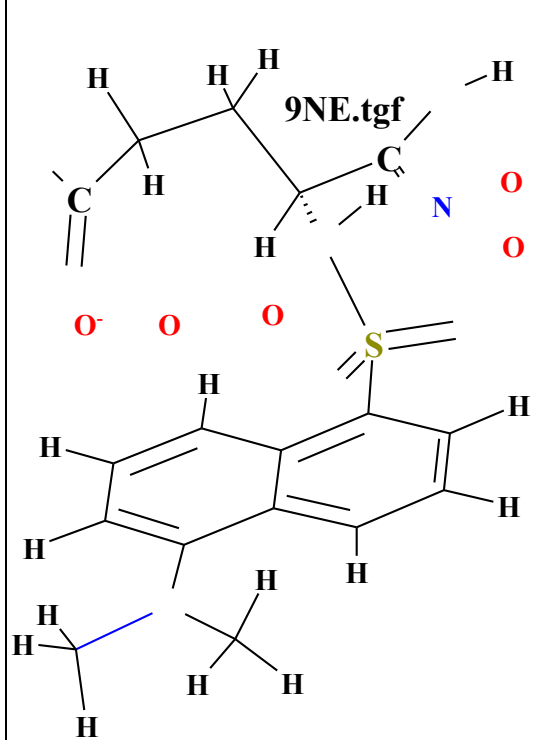
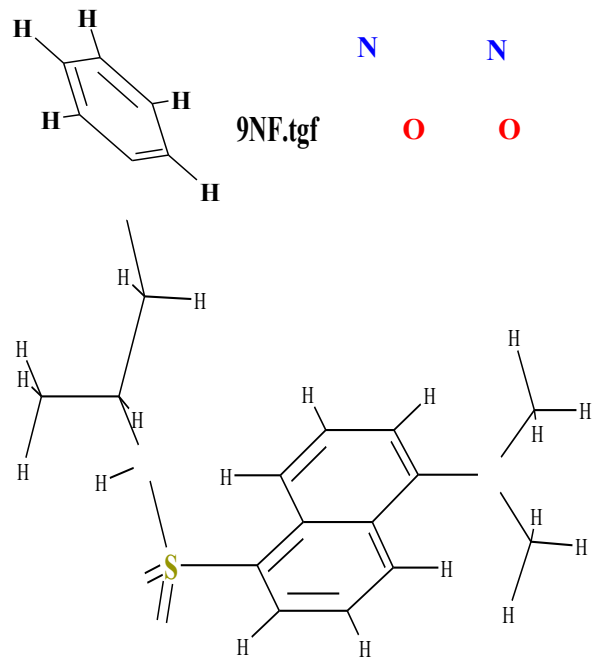
Protein Data
Bank structure
2XVQ.pdb
16. Put in
Dansyl-
L-sarcosine Gly
given oxygen,
nitrogen atoms
9DS.pdb!



17. Put in Dansyl-
L-arginine Arg
given oxygen,
nitrogen atoms
9NR.pdb HSA
Human Serum
Albumin!**2XVW.pdb**
Protein Data Bank
Protein Data
Bank structure
2XW1.pdb

18. Put in Dansyl-L-norvaline given oxygen, nitrogen atoms **9NV.pdb**

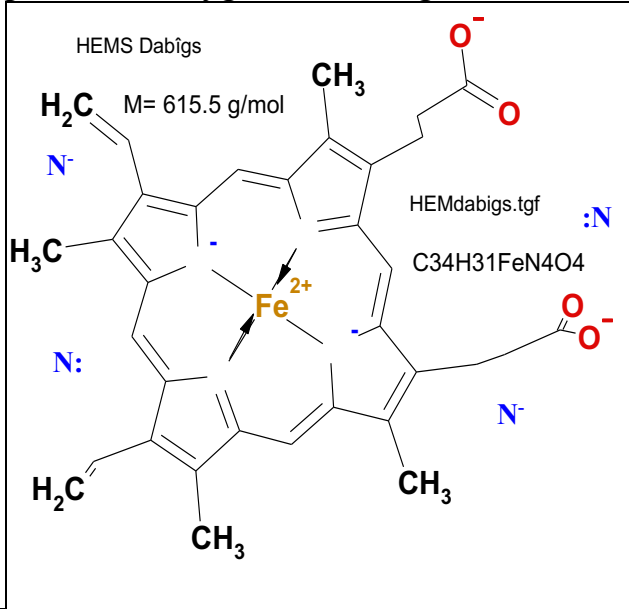
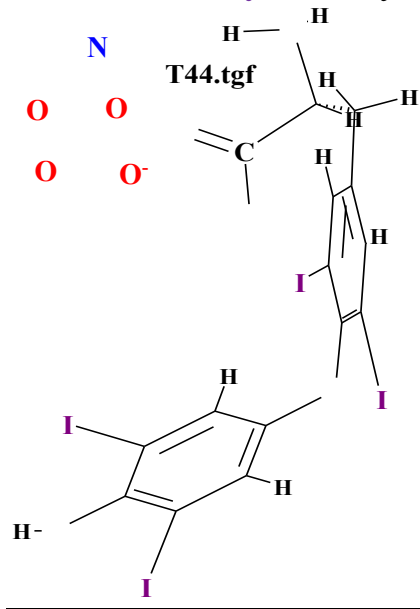
19. Put in Dansyl-L-phenylalanine given atoms **9NF.pdb** and benzen ring in HSA



2XW0.pdb
Protein Data
Bank structure

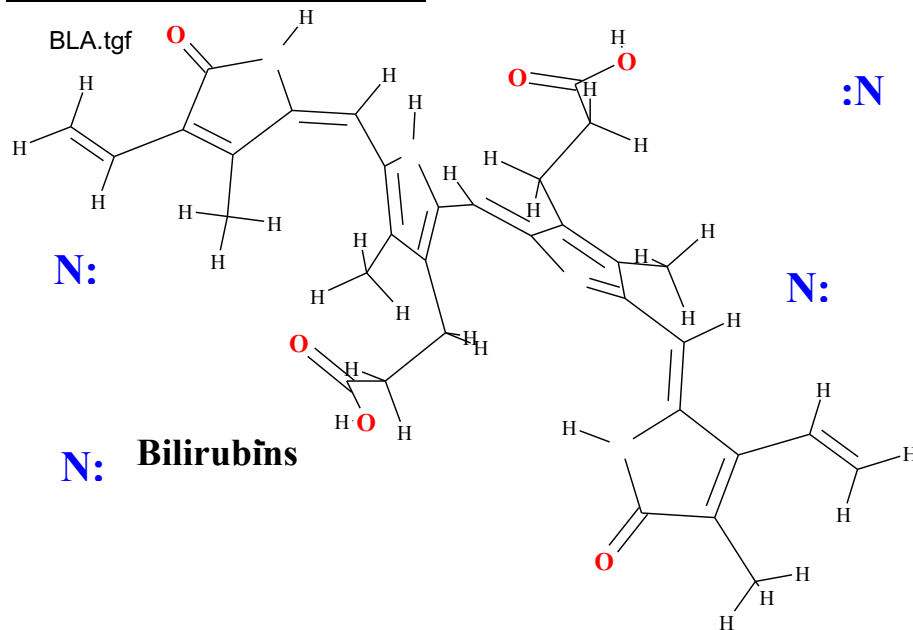
20. Put in Dansyl-L-
glutamate Glu
carboxyl group
>C=O and
-O-H atoms
9NE.pdb from HSA
Human Serum
Albumin
Protein Data Bank
structure
PDB 2XSI.pdb

21. Put in **L-Thyroxin** Tyr given four oxygen and nitrogen atoms which secreted by



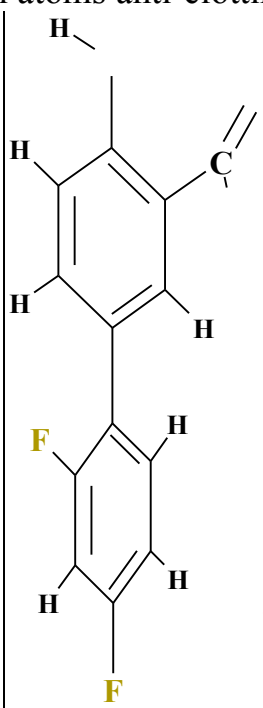
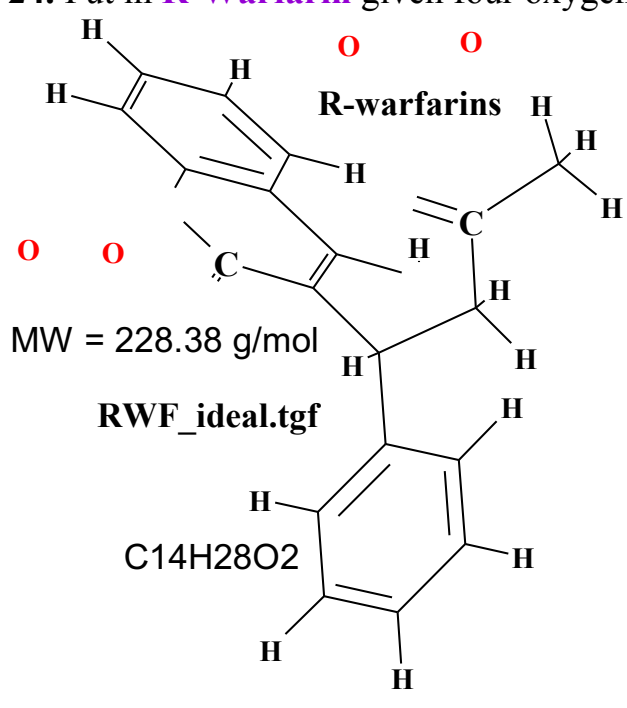
the follicular cells of the thyroid gland bound on
HSA Human Serum Albumin
1HK1.pdb Protein Data Bank structure

22. Put in 4 pyrrol **N** atoms on Heme coordinated by iron(II) **HEMdabigs.pdb** from **HSA Human Serum Albumin** Protein Data Bank structure **1O9X.pdb**



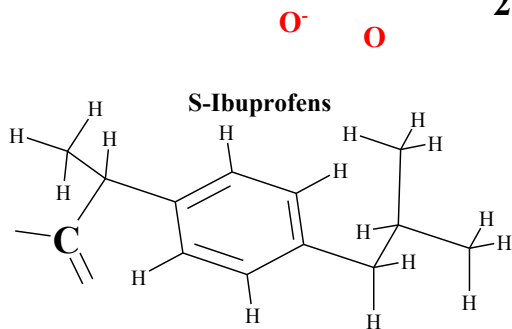
23. Put in 4 pyrrol **N** atoms on Prosthetic group metabolite **Bilirubin: BLA.pdb** bound on **HSA Human Serum Albumin** Protein Data Bank structure **2VUE.pdb**

24. Put in **R-Warfarin** given four oxygen atoms anti-clotting human blood medicine bound to Human Serum Albumin **2BXD.pdb Protein Data Bank structure.**



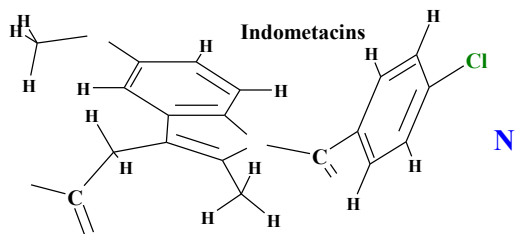
25. Put in **Diflunisal** salicylate given three oxygen atoms non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent **NSAIA** structural formula **1FL.pdb** from **HSA Human Serum Albumin** Protein Data Bank structure **2BXE.pdb**

26. Put in **Ibuprofen** given two oxygen atoms non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent NSAIA human blood medicine bound on **HSA Human Serum Albumin**

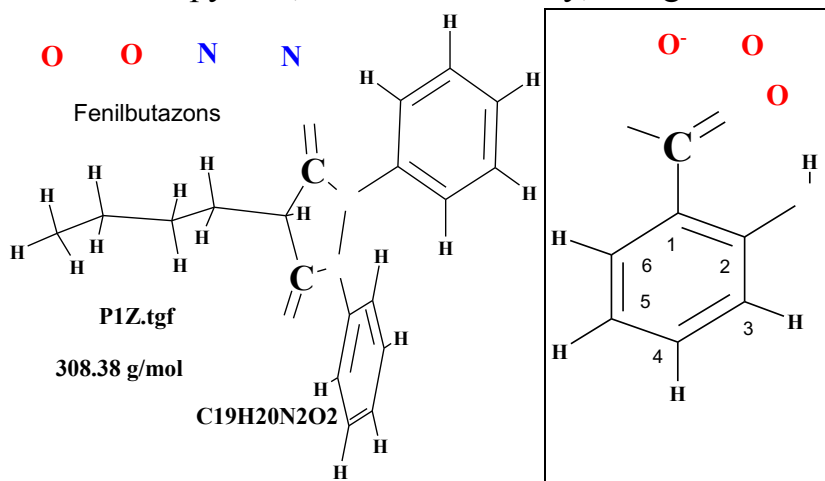


2BXG.pdb Protein Data Bank structure **IBP.pdb**.

27. Put in **IndoMethacin** given four oxygen and nitrogen atoms non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent NSAIA structural formula **IMN.pdb** from **HSA Human Serum Albumin** Protein Data Bank structure **2BXM.pdb**



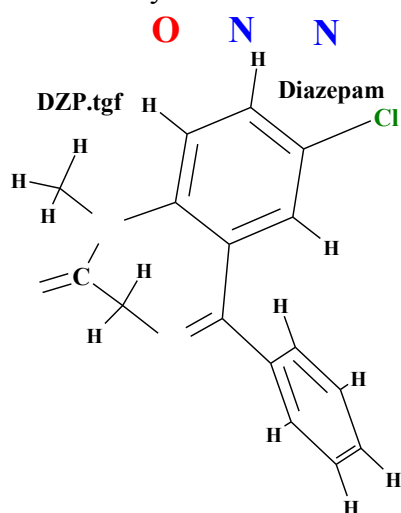
28. Put in **phenyl Butazon** given two oxygen and two nitrogen atoms non-steroidal, antipyretic, anti-inflammatory, analgesic structural formula **P1Z.pdb** from **HAS**



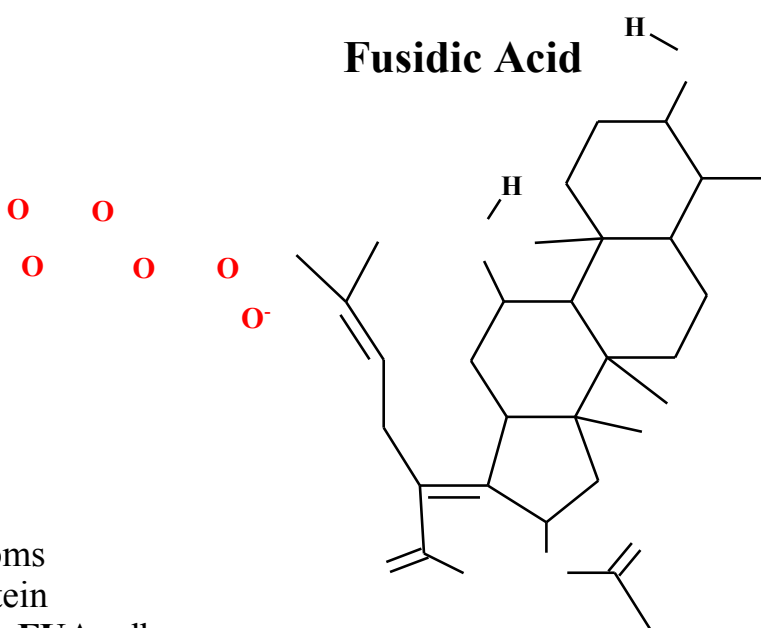
Human Serum Albumin
Protein Data Bank
structure **2BXM.pdb**

29. Put in **Salicylic Acid** **2-hydroxy-benzoic Acid** given three oxygen atoms
Anti-inflammation drug Aspirin
Acylating hydroxyl group at C2 on benzene ring **SAL.pdb** **HSA Human Serum Albumin** **2BXM.pdb** Protein Data Bank

30. Put in **Diazepam** given three atoms anticonvulsant, anxiolytic, sedative, relaxant, amnesic human body medicine formula **DZP.pdb** from Human Serum Albumin



31. Put in **Fusidic Acid** given six atoms antibiotic, Anti-Bacterial Agent, Protein Synthesis Inhibitor structural formula **FUA.pdb** from **HSA Human Serum Albumin** Protein Data Bank structure **2VUF.pdb**.



Protein Data Bank structure **2BXF.pdb**

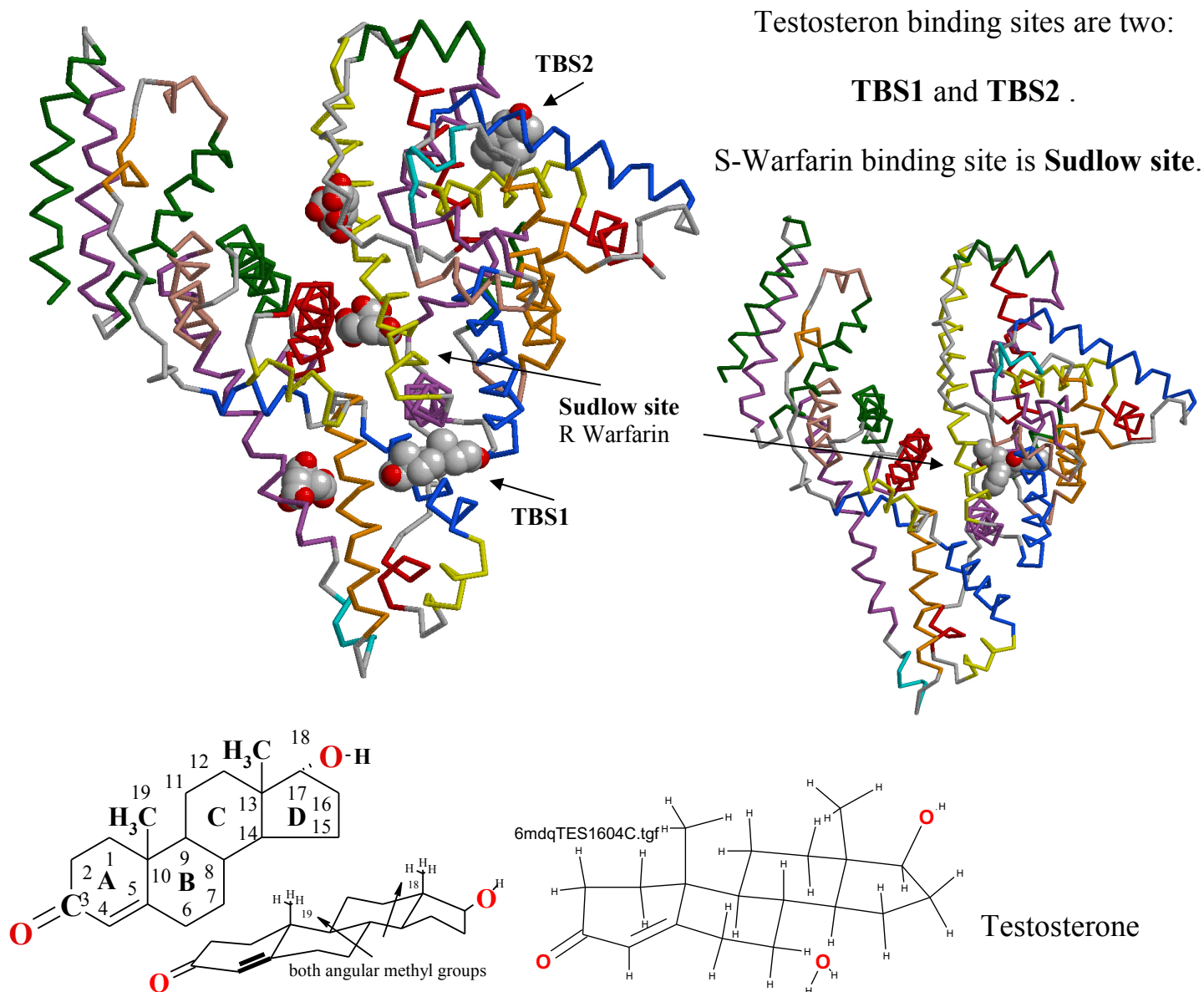


Fig. 5 ESA domains and testosterone binding sites. The testosterone (yellow) and citrate molecules (magenta) are shown with atoms as spheres. Warfarin (from structure of HSA complexed with warfarin, PDB ID: [2BXD](#)), which is bound at Sudlow site I,⁶ is shown with atoms as blue spheres. Testosterone was predicted to bind in Sudlow site I by Peters.¹ The interactive collection of superpositions of the ESA–testosterone complex and other SA complexes with selected compounds that bind in TBS1 or TBS2 is available at ; <https://molstack.bioreproducibility.org/c/hYYh/>. and in: [Chem Sci. 2019 Feb 14; 10\(6\): 1607-1618.](#)